MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING BY AND BETWEEN

Shaler Township Police Department

(Law Enforcement Authority)

and

Shaler Area School District

(School Entity)

June 30, 2017 (Date)

I. Joint Statement of Concern

A. Parties

The following Law Enforcement Authority or Authorities enter into and agree to adhere to the policies and procedures contained in this Memorandum of Understanding (hereinafter "Memorandum"): Shaler Township Police Department

The following School Entity or Entities enter into and agree to adhere to the policies and procedures contained in this Memorandum: Shaler Area School District

- B. This Memorandum establishes procedures to be followed when certain incidents—described in Section II below—occur on school property, at any school sponsored activity, or on a conveyance as described in the Safe Schools Act (such as a school bus) providing transportation to or from a school or school sponsored activity. This Memorandum does not cover incidents that are outside of those school settings and create no substantial disruption to the learning environment.
- C. It is further the purpose of this Memorandum to foster a relationship of cooperation and mutual support between the parties hereto as they work together to maintain the physical security and safety of the School Entity. Thus, the School Entity may disclose personally identifiable information from an educational record of a student to the Law Enforcement Authority if a health or safety emergency exists and knowledge of that information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals. In determining whether a health or safety emergency exists, the School Entity may take into account the totality of the circumstances pertaining to a threat to the health or safety of a student or other individuals. If the School Entity determines that there is an articulable and significant threat to the health or safety of a student or other individuals, it may disclose information from education records to the Law Enforcement Authority, if knowledge of that information is necessary for the Law Enforcement Authority to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals. The School Entity must record the articulable and significant threat to the health or safety of a student or other individuals so that it can demonstrate to parents, students and the Family Policy Compliance Office what circumstances led it to determine that a health or safety emergency existed and why the disclosure was justified.

D. Legal Authority

1. The parties make this agreement as required by Article XIII-A of the Public School Code of 1949, popularly known as the "Safe Schools Act," as amended, 24 P. S. § § 13-1301-A—13-1313-A.

- 2. In so recognizing this legal authority, the parties acknowledge their respective duties pursuant to the Safe Schools Act and hereby agree to support and cooperate with one another in carrying out their joint and several responsibilities thereunder.
- 3. Information From Student Records
 - a. The Law Enforcement Authority shall be governed by the following reporting and information exchange guidelines:
 - i. Criminal History Record Information Act, 18 Pa.C.S. §9101 et seq.
 - ii. The prohibition against disclosures, specified in section IV(C)(5) of this Memorandum.
 - b. When sharing information and evidence necessary for the Law Enforcement Authority to complete its investigation, the School Entity shall:
 - i. Comply with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (hereinafter "FERPA"), 20 U.S.C. §1232g, and its implementing regulations at 34 C.F.R. §99.1 et seq., and 22 Pa. Code §§12.31-12.33, including any amendments thereto.
 - ii. Comply with the requirements of the Safe Schools Act, 24 P. S. § § 13-1303-A and 13-1313-A, and any amendments thereto.
 - iii. Complete reports as required by section 1303-A of the Safe Schools Act, 24 P. S. § 13-1303-A, and any amendments thereto.
 - c. The School Entity may disclose personally identifiable information from an educational record of a student to the Law Enforcement Authority if a health or safety emergency exists and knowledge of that information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals. In determining whether a health or safety emergency exists, the School Entity may take into account the totality of the circumstances pertaining to a threat to the health or safety of a student or other individuals. If the School Entity determines that there is an articulable and significant threat to the health or safety of a student or other individuals, it may disclose information from education records to the Law Enforcement Authority, if knowledge of that information is necessary for the Law Enforcement Authority to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals. The School Entity must record the articulable and significant threat to the health or safety of a student or other individuals so that it can demonstrate—to parents, students and the Family Policy Compliance Office fi; sup {foot} Questions related to FERPA should be directed to the Family Policy Compliance Office within the U.S. Department of Education. —what circumstance led it to determine that a health or safety emergency existed and why the disclosure was justified.

E. Priorities of the Law Enforcement Authority

- 1. Help the School Entity prevent delinquent acts through preventive measures, including referrals to support services, diversionary programs, restorative practices, school-wide positive behavior supports, education and deterrence.
- 2. Investigate as appropriate all incidents reported to have occurred on school property, at any school sponsored activity, or on a conveyance as described in the Safe Schools Act (including a school bus) providing transportation to or from a school or school sponsored activity. The investigation of all reported incidents shall be conducted in the manner that the Law Enforcement Authority, in its sole discretion, deems appropriate; but any investigation shall be conducted so as to involve as little disruption to the school environment as is practicable.
- 3. Identify those responsible for the commission of the reported incident and, where appropriate, apprehend and prosecute those individuals. Identification and apprehension procedures shall involve as little disruption to the school environment as is practicable.
- 4. Establish and maintain a cooperative relationship with the School Entity in the reporting and resolution of all incidents described in Section II of this document.

F. Priorities of the School Entity

- 1. Help law enforcement prevent delinquent acts through preventive measures, including referrals to support services, diversionary programs, restorative practices, school-wide positive behavior supports, education and deterrence.
- 2. Create a safe learning environment.
- 3. Establish and maintain a cooperative relationship with the Law Enforcement Authority in the reporting and resolution of all incidents described in Section II of this document.
- 4. Provide the Law Enforcement Authority with all relevant information and required assistance in the event of a reported incident.
- 5. The School Entity shall give the Law Enforcement Authority a copy of the School Entity's behavior support services procedures and invite Law Enforcement Authority representatives to behavior support trainings.

II. Notification of Incidents to Law Enforcement

The School Entity is required to notify law enforcement in specific situations listed in subsection A of this section, and has discretion over whether to notify law enforcement about incidents listed in subsection B of this section. Law enforcement's decision to investigate and file charges may be made in consultation with school administrators.

A. Mandatory Notification

- 1. The School Entity shall immediately notify the Law Enforcement Authority having jurisdiction where the offense occurred by the most expeditious means practicable of any of the following incidents occurring on school property, at any school sponsored activity, or on a conveyance as described in the Safe Schools Act (including a school bus) providing transportation to or from a school or school sponsored activity:
 - a. The following offenses under 18 Pa.C.S (relating to crimes and offenses):
 - i. Section 908 (relating to prohibited offensive weapons). The term "offensive weapon" is defined by section 908 of the Crimes Code as "[a]ny bomb, grenade, machine gun, sawed-off shotgun with a barrel less than 18 inches, firearm specially made or specially adapted for concealment or silent discharge, any blackjack, sandbag, metal knuckles, dagger, knife, razor or cutting instrument, the blade of which is exposed in an automatic way by switch, push-button, spring mechanism, or otherwise, any stun gun, stun baton, taser or other electronic or electric weapon or other implement for the infliction of serious bodily injury which serves no common lawful purpose." See 18 Pa.C.S. § 908(c) (relating to definitions).
 - b. Consistent with section 908(b) of the Crimes Code (relating to exceptions), this reporting requirement does not apply to one who possessed or dealt with an offensive weapon solely as a curio or in a dramatic performance, or to one who possessed an offensive weapon briefly in consequence of having found it or taken it from an aggressor, or under circumstances similarly negating any intent or likelihood that the weapon would be used unlawfully.
 - c. Section 912 (relating to possession of weapon on school property).
 - i. The term "weapon" is defined by section 912 of the Crimes Code to include, but is not limited to, a knife, cutting instrument, cutting tool, nunchuck stick, firearm, shotgun, rifle and any other tool, instrument or implement capable of inflicting serious bodily injury.
 - ii. Consistent with section 912(c) of the Crimes Code (relating to defense), this reporting requirement does not apply to a weapon that is: (a) possessed and used in conjunction with a lawful supervised school activity or course; or (b) is possessed for other lawful purpose.

- iii. Chapter 25 (relating to criminal homicide).
- iv. Section 2702 (relating to aggravated assault).
- v. Section 2709.1 (relating to stalking).
- vi. Section 2901 (relating to kidnapping).
- vii. Section 2902 (relating to unlawful restraint).
- viii. Section 3121 (relating to rape).
 - ix. Section 3122.1 (relating to statutory sexual assault).
 - x. Section 3123 (relating to involuntary deviate sexual intercourse).
- xi. Section 3124.1 (relating to sexual assault).
- xii. Section 3124.2 (relating to institutional sexual assault).
- xiii. Section 3125 (relating to aggravated indecent assault).
- xiv. Section 3126 (relating to indecent assault).
- xv. Section 3301 (relating to arson and related offenses).
- xvi. Section 3307 (relating to institutional vandalism), when the penalty is a felony of the third degree.
- xvii. Section 3502 (relating to burglary).
- xviii. Section 3503(a) and (b)(1)(v) (relating to criminal trespass).
- xix. Section 5501 (relating to riot).
- xx. Section 6110.1 (relating to possession of firearm by minor).
- d. The possession, use or sale of a controlled substance, designer drug or drug paraphernalia as defined in "The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act," as amended, 35 P. S. § 780-101—780-144, popularly known as the "Drug Act." For purposes of this Memorandum, the terms "controlled substance", "designer drug" and "drug paraphernalia" shall be defined as they are in section 102 of the Drug Act. See 35 P. S. § 780-102 (relating to definitions).
- e. Attempt, solicitation or conspiracy to commit any of the offenses listed in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this subsection.
- f. An offense for which registration is required under 42 Pa.C.S. § 9795.1 (relating to registration).
- 2. In responding to students who commit an incident listed under section 1303-A(b)(4.1) of the Safe Schools Act (24 P. S. § 13-1303-A(b)(4.1)), a school entity may consider the propriety of utilizing available school-based programs, such as school-wide positive behavior supports, to address the student's behavior. Nothing in this provision shall be read to limit law enforcement's discretion.

B. Discretionary Notification

- 1. The School Entity may notify the Law Enforcement Authority having jurisdiction where the incident occurred of any of the following incidents occurring on school property, at any school sponsored activity, or on a conveyance as described in the Safe Schools Act (including a school bus) providing transportation to or from a school or school sponsored activity:
- 2. The following offenses under 18 Pa.C.S (relating to crimes and offenses):
 - i. Section 2701 (relating to simple assault).
 - ii. Section 2705 (relating to recklessly endangering another person).
 - iii. Section 2706 (relating to terroristic threats).
 - iv. Section 2709 (relating to harassment).
 - v. Section 3127 (relating to indecent exposure).
 - vi. Section 3307 (relating to institutional vandalism), when the penalty is a misdemeanor of the second degree.
 - vii. Section 3503(b)(1)(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv), (b.1) and (b.2) (relating to criminal trespass).
 - viii. Chapter 39 (relating to theft and related offenses).
 - ix. Section 5502 (relating to failure of disorderly persons to disperse upon official order).

- x. Section 5503 (relating to disorderly conduct).
- xi. Section 6305 (relating to sale of tobacco).
- xii. Section 6306.1 (relating to use of tobacco in schools prohibited).
- xiii. Section 6308 (relating to purchase, consumption, possession, or transportation of liquor or malt or brewed beverages by a person under 21 years of age).
- 3. Attempt, solicitation or conspiracy to commit any of the offenses listed in subsection (a).
- 4. In exercising its discretion to determine whether to notify law enforcement of such incidents, the School Entity may consider the following factors: the seriousness of the situation, the school's ability to defuse or resolve the situation, the child's intent, the child's age, whether the student has a disability and, if so, the type of disability and its impact on the student's behavior, and other factors believed to be relevant.

C. Law Enforcement Response to Notification

- 1. When notified of an incident listed in subsections A or B, law enforcement's decision to investigate and file charges, at the sole discretion of the Law Enforcement Authority, may be made in consultation with school administrators.
- 2. In determining whether to file charges, the Law Enforcement Authority is encouraged to consult with the District Attorney. Where appropriate under the law, part of this consultation may include a discussion about the availability or propriety of utilizing a diversionary program as an alternative to filing charges.

D. Notification of the Law Enforcement Authority when incident involves children with disabilities

- 1. If a child with a disability commits an incident of misconduct, school administrators and the Law Enforcement Authority should take into consideration that the child's behavior may be a manifestation of the disability and there may be no intent to commit an unlawful act. A child with a disability under this subsection shall mean a student with an IEP, a protected handicapped student with a service agreement that includes a behavior support plan, or such student for whom an evaluation is pending under 22 Pa. Code § § 14.123 (relating to evaluation), 15.5 (relating to school district initiated evaluation and provision of services), 15.6 (relating to parent initiated evaluation and provision of services), or Chapter 711 (relating to charter school and cyber charter school services and programs for children with disabilities).
- 2. In the event a child with a disability commits a mandatory notification offense under Subsection A, the School Entity must provide immediate notification to the Law Enforcement Authority regardless of the disability. Such notification will state that the child has an IEP or a service agreement that includes a behavior support plan and may include the School Entity's recommendation that police intervention may not be required and advisement that the School Entity will act to address the student's behavior need as required by applicable federal and state law and regulations, including 22 Pa. Code § § 14.133 (relating to positive behavior support), 15.3 (relating to protected handicapped students—general) or 711.46 (relating to positive behavior support). The Law Enforcement Authority may take the recommendation under advisement but reserves the right to investigate and file charges.
- 3. In the event a child with a disability commits a discretionary offense under Subsection B and the School Entity does not believe that police intervention is necessary, the School Entity will address the student's behavior need as required by applicable federal and state law and regulations, including 22 Pa. Code § § 14.133, 15.3 or 711.46.
- 4. In accordance with 34 CFR 300.535 (relating to referral to and action by law enforcement and judicial authorities), nothing will prohibit the School Entity from reporting an offense committed by a child with a disability to the Law Enforcement Authority, and nothing will prevent State law enforcement and judicial authorities from exercising their responsibilities with regard to the application of Federal and State law to crimes committed by a child with a disability.

- 5. The School Entity, when reporting an offense committed by a child with a disability, should ensure that copies of the special education and disciplinary records of the child are transmitted for consideration by the appropriate authorities to the Law Enforcement Authority to whom the incident was reported.
- 6. The School Entity, when reporting an incident under this section, may transmit copies of the child's special education and disciplinary records only to the extent that the transmission is permitted by FERPA.
- 7. Shaler Area School District's Special Education Plan addresses the requirements outline in Section "C" above
- E. Upon notification of the incident to the Law Enforcement Authority, the School Entity shall provide as much of the following information as is available at the time of notification. In no event shall the gathering of information unnecessarily delay notification:
 - 1. Whether the incident is in-progress or has concluded.
 - 2. Nature of the incident.
 - 3. Exact location of the incident.
 - 4. Number of persons involved in the incident.
 - 5. Names and ages of the individuals involved.
 - 6. Weapons, if any, involved in the incident.
 - 7. Whether the weapons, if any, have been secured and, if so, the custodian of the weapons.
 - 8. Injuries involved.
 - 9. Whether EMS or the Fire Department have been notified.
 - 10. Identity of the school contact person.
 - 11. Identity of the witnesses to the incident, if any.
 - 12. Whether the incident involves a student with a disability and, if so, the type of disability and its impact on the student's behavior.
 - 13. Other such information as is known to the school entity and believed to be relevant to the incident.
- F. No later than September 30 of each year, the School Entity shall assemble and make ready for immediate deployment to its Incident Command Post the following information for the purpose of assisting the Law Enforcement Authority in responding to an emergency:
 - 1. Blueprints or floor plans of the school buildings.
 - 2. Aerial photo, map or layout of the school campus, adjacent properties and surrounding streets or roads.
 - 3. Location(s) of predetermined or prospective command posts.
 - 4. Current teacher/employee roster.
 - 5. Current student roster.
 - 6. Most recent school yearbook.
 - 7. School fire-alarm shutoff location and procedures.
 - 8. School sprinkler system shutoff location and procedures.
 - 9. Gas/utility line layouts and shutoff valve locations.
 - 10. Cable/satellite television shutoff location and procedures.
 - 11. Other information the School Entity deems pertinent to assist local police departments in responding to an emergency.

III. Law Enforcement Authority Response

- A. Depending on the totality of the circumstances, initial response by the Law Enforcement Authority may include:
 - 1. For incidents in progress:
 - a. Meet with contact person and locate scene of incident.
 - b. Stabilize incident.

- c. Provide/arrange for emergency medical treatment, if necessary.
- d. Control the scene of the incident.
 - i. Secure any physical evidence at the scene.
 - ii. Identify involved persons and witnesses.
- e. Conduct investigation.
- f. Exchange information.
- g. Confer with school officials to determine the extent of law enforcement involvement required by the situation.
- 2. Incidents not in progress:
 - a. Meet with contact person.
 - b. Recover any physical evidence.
 - c. Conduct investigation.
 - d. Exchange information.
 - e. Confer with school officials to determine the extent of law enforcement involvement required by the situation.
- 3. Incidents initially reported to the Law Enforcement Authority
 - a. If any incident described in sections IIA or IIB is initially reported to the Law Enforcement Authority, the Law Enforcement Authority shall proceed directly with its investigation, shall immediately notify the School Entity of the incident, and shall proceed as outlined in sections IIA through IIE.

B. Custody of Actors

- 1. Students identified as actors in reported incidents may be taken into custody at the discretion of the investigating law enforcement officer under any of the following circumstances:
 - a. The student has been placed under arrest.
 - b. The student is being placed under investigative detention.
 - c. The student is being taken into custody for the protection of the student.
 - d. The student's parent or guardian consents to the release of the student to law enforcement custody.
- 2. The investigating law enforcement officer shall take all appropriate steps to protect the legal and constitutional rights of those students being taken into custody.

IV. Assistance of School Entities

A. In Loco Parentis

- 1. Teachers, Guidance Counselors, Vice Principals and Principals in the public schools have the right to exercise the same authority as a parent, guardian or person in parental relation to such pupil concerning conduct and behavior over the pupils attending a school during the time they are in attendance, including the time required in going to and from their homes.
- 2. School authorities' ability to stand in loco parentis over children does not extend to matters beyond conduct and discipline during school, school activities, or on a conveyance as described in the Safe Schools Act providing transportation to or from school or a school sponsored activity.

B. Notification of Parent or Guardian

1. Parents or guardians of all victims and suspects directly involved in an incident listed under Section IIA or IIB shall be immediately notified of the involvement, and they shall be informed about any notification regarding the incident that has been, or may be, made to the Law Enforcement Authority.

2. The School Entity shall document attempts made to reach the parents or guardians of all victims and suspects directly involved in incident listed under Section IIA or IIB.

C. Scope of School Entity's Involvement

General Principles: Once the Law Enforcement Authority assumes primary responsibility for a matter, the legal conduct of interviews, interrogations, searches, seizures of property, and arrests are within the purview of the Law Enforcement Authority. The School Entity shall defer to the Law Enforcement Authority on matters of criminal and juvenile law procedure, except as is necessary to protect the interests of the School Entity. The Law Enforcement Authority will keep the chief school administrator, or his designees, informed of the status of pending investigations.

1. Victims

- a. The School Entity shall promptly notify the parent or guardian of a victim when the Law Enforcement Authority interviews that victim. The Law Enforcement Authority shall follow its policies and procedures when interviewing a victim to ensure the protection of the victim's legal and constitutional rights.
- b. In the event a victim is interviewed by Law Enforcement Authority on school property, a guidance counselor or similar designated personnel may be present during the interview.

2. Witnesses

- a. The School Entity shall promptly notify the parent or guardian of a witness when the Law Enforcement Authority interviews that witness. The Law Enforcement Authority shall follow its policies and procedures when interviewing a witness to ensure the protection of the witness's legal and constitutional rights.
- b. In the event a witness is interviewed by the Law Enforcement Authority on school property, a guidance counselor or similar designated personnel should be present during the interview.

4. Suspects and Custodial Interrogation

- a. The School Entity shall help the Law Enforcement Authority to secure the permission and presence of at least one parent or guardian of a student suspect before that student is interrogated by law enforcement authorities.
- b. When a parent or guardian is not present, school authorities shall not stand in loco parentis (in the place of the parent/guardian) during an interview.
- c. c. If an interested adult cannot be contacted, the School Entity shall defer to the investigating Law Enforcement Authority, which will protect the student suspect's legal and constitutional rights as required by law.

5. Conflicts of Interest

- a. The parties to this Memorandum recognize that if a School Entity employee, contractor, or agent of the School Entity is the subject of an investigation, a conflict of interest may exist between the School Entity and the adult suspect.
- b. Neither the individual that is the subject of the investigation, nor any person acting as his/her subordinate or direct supervisor, shall be present during Law Enforcement Authority's interviews of student co-suspects, victims or witnesses by the Law Enforcement Authority.
- c. Neither the individual who is the subject of the investigation, nor his/her subordinate(s) and/or direct supervisor(s), shall be informed of the contents of the statements made by student cosuspects, victims or witnesses, except at the discretion of the Law Enforcement Authority or as otherwise required by law.

D. Reporting Requirements

All school entities are required to submit an annual report, which will include violence statistics and reports, to the Department of Education's Office for Safe Schools. This annual report must include all new incidents described in Sections IIA and IIB. Before submitting the required annual report, each

chief school administrator and each police department having jurisdiction over school property of the School Entity shall do the following:

- a. No later than thirty days prior to the deadline for submitting the annual report, the chief school administrator shall submit the report to the police department with jurisdiction over the relevant school property. The police department shall review the report and compare the data regarding criminal offenses and notification of law enforcement to determine its accuracy.
- b. No later than fifteen days prior to the deadline for submitting the annual report, the police department shall notify the chief school administrator, in writing, whether the report accurately reflects police incident data. Where the police department determines that the report accurately reflects police incident data, the chief of police shall sign the report. Where the police department determines that the report does not accurately reflect police incident data, the police department shall indicate any discrepancies between the report and police incident data.
- c. Prior to submitting the annual report, the chief school administrator and the police department shall attempt to resolve discrepancies between the report and police incident data. Where a discrepancy remains unresolved, the police department shall notify the chief school administrator and the office in writing.
- d. Where a police department fails to take action as required under clause a or b, the chief school administrator shall submit the annual report and indicate that the police department failed to take action as required under clause a or b.
- e. Where there are discrepancies between the School Entity's incident data and the police incident data, the Superintendent of the Shaler Area School District and appropriate administrative staff shall maintain open lines of communication with all four of the local police chiefs and meet when appropriate to discuss any discrepancies with the reporting of incidents in the Safe Schools Reports.

V. General Provisions

- A. This Memorandum does not create any contractual rights or obligations between the signatory Law Enforcement Authority, the signatory School Entity, any other signatory authorities or entities, or their respective officers, employees, agents or representatives.
- B. This Memorandum may be amended, expanded or modified at any time upon the written consent of the parties. It must be reviewed and re-executed within two years of the date of its original execution and every two years thereafter.
- C. If changes in state or federal law require changes to this Memorandum, the parties shall amend this Memorandum.

	Shaler Area School District
Chief School Administrator	School Entity
By PSIGON	Shaler Township Police Department
Chief Law Enforcement Authority	Law Enforcement Authority
	Shaler Area School District Board of Directors
Board President	School Board
	Shaler Area High School
Building Principal	School Building

Building Principal	Shaler Area Middle School School Building
Building Principal	Shaler Area Elementary School School Building
	Burchfield Primary School
Building Principal	School Building Jeffery Primary School
Building Principal	School Building Marzolf Primary School
Building Principal	School Building
Duilding Duinning!	Rogers Primary School
Building Principal	School Building

SHALER AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

No: 209.3

SECTION: PUPILS
TITLE: DIABETES MANAGEMENT
ADOPTED:

209.3 DIABETES MANAGEMENT

1. Purpose

The Board recognizes that an effective program of diabetes management in school is crucial to:

- 1. The immediate safety of students with diabetes.
- 2. The long-term health of students with diabetes.
- 3. Ensure that students with diabetes are ready to learn and participate fully I school activities.
- 4. Minimize the possibility that diabetes-related emergencies will disrupt classroom activities.

2. Authority

The Board adopts this policy I accordance with applicable state and federal laws and regulations, and Board policies and administrative regulations, regarding the provision of student health services.

3. Definitions

Diabetes Medical Management Plan (DMMP) means a document describing the medical orders or diabetes regimen developed and signed by the student's health care practitioner and parent/guardian.

Individualized Education Program (IEP) means the written educational statement for each student with a disability that is developed, reviewed and revised in accordance with federal and state laws and regulations. A student with a disability is a school-aged child within the jurisdiction of the district who has been evaluated and found to have one or more disabilities as defined by law, and who requires, because of such disabilities, special education and related services.

Section 504 Service Agreement (Service Agreement) means an individualized plan for a qualified student with a disability which sets forth the specific related aids, services, or accommodations needed by the student, which shall be implemented in school, in transit to and from school, and in al programs and procedures, so that the student has equal access to the benefits of the school's educational programs, nonacademic services, and extracurricular activities. A qualified student with a disability means a student who has a physical or mental disability which substantially limits or prohibits participation in or access to an aspect of the district's educational programs, nonacademic services or extracurricular activities.

Trained Diabetes Personnel means non-licensed school employees who have successfully completed the required training.

4. Guidelines

Before a student can receive diabetes-related care and treatment in a school setting, the student's parent/guardian shall provide written authorization for such care and instructions from the student's health care practitioner. The written authorization may be submitted as part of a student's DMMP.

Diabetes-related care shall be provided in a manner consistent with Board policy, district procedures and individualized student plans such as an IEP, Service Agreement or DMMP.

In order to maintain a student's health and safety, each student's individualized plan shall address what information will be provided to school staff and other adults who have responsibility for the student in the school setting.

Student health records shall be confidential and maintained in accordance with state and federal laws and regulations.

Trained Diabetes Personnel

The school nurse, in consultation with the Superintendent or designee, may identify at least one (1) school employee, who is not the school nurse and who does not need to be a licensed health care practitioner, in each school building attended by a student with diabetes to perform diabetes care and treatment for students. The identified school employee has the right to decline this role.

An identified school employee who has accepted this role shall complete the training developed by the state or training offered by a licensed health care practitioner with expertise in the care and treatment of diabetes, that includes at a minimum:

- 1. An overview of all types of diabetes.
- 2. Means of monitoring blood glucose.
- 3. The symptoms and treatment for blood glucose levels outside of target ranges, as well as symptoms and treatment for hypoglycemia, hyperglycemia and other potential emergencies.
- 4. Techniques on administering glucagon and insulin.

The identified school employee shall complete such training on an annual basis.

Upon successful completion of the required training, individual trained diabetes personnel may be designated in a student's Service Agreement or IEP to administer diabetes medications, use monitoring equipment and provide other diabetes care.

If the diabetes-related care provided to a particular student by trained diabetes personnel will include administration of diabetes medication via injection or infusion, the Board shall require the following:

- 1. The parent/guardian and the student's health care practitioner must provide written authorization for such administration; and
- 2. The trained diabetes personnel must receive annual training for such administration from a licensed health care practitioner with expertise in the care and treatment of diabetes.

Training of Other School Personnel

School employees, including classroom teachers, lunchroom staff, coaches and bus drivers, shall receive annual diabetes care training appropriate to their responsibilities for students with diabetes

Student Possession and Use of Diabetes Medication and Monitoring Equipment

Prior to student possession or use of diabetes medication and monitoring equipment, the Board shall require the following:

- 1. A written request from the parent/guardian that the school complies with the instructions of the student's health care practitioner. The request from the parent/guardian shall include a statement relieving the district and its employees of responsibility for the prescribed medication or monitoring equipment and acknowledging that the school is not responsible for ensuring that the medication is taken or the monitoring equipment is used.
- 2. A written statement from the student's health care practitioner that provides:
 - a. Name of the drug.
 - b. Prescribed dosage.
 - c. Times when mediation is to be taken.
 - d. Times when monitoring equipment is to be used.
 - e. Length of time medication and monitoring equipment is needed.
 - f. Diagnosis or reason medication and monitoring equipment is needed.
 - g. Potential serious reactions to medication that may occur.
 - h. Emergency response.
 - i. Whether the child is competent and able to self-administer the medication or monitoring equipment and to practice proper safety precautions.
- 3. A written acknowledgement from the school nurse that the student has demonstrated that s/he is capable of self-administration of the medication and use of the monitoring equipment.
- 4. A written acknowledgement from the student that s/he has received instruction from the student's health care practitioner on proper safety precautions for the handling and disposal of the medications and monitoring equipment, including acknowledgement that the student will not allow other students to have access to the medication and monitoring equipment and that s/he understands appropriate safeguards.

The written request for student possession and use of diabetes medication and monitoring equipment shall be reviewed annually, along with the required written statements from the parent/guardian and the student's health care practitioner. If there is a change in the student's prescribed care plan, level of self-management or school circumstances during the school year, the parent/guardian and the student's health care practitioner shall update the written statements.

Students shall be prohibited from sharing, giving, selling and using diabetes medication and monitoring equipment in any manner other than which it is prescribed during school hours, at any time while on school property, at any school-sponsored activity and during the time spent travelling to and from school and school-sponsored activities. Violations of this policy, provisions of a Service Agreement or IEP, or demonstration of unwillingness or inability to safeguard the medication and monitoring equipment, and may result in disciplinary action in accordance with Board policy and applicable procedural safeguards.

If the district prohibits a student from possessing and self-administering diabetes mediation and operating monitoring equipment, or if a student is not capable of self-administering diabetes medication or operating monitoring equipment, the district shall ensure that the diabetes medication and monitoring equipment is appropriately stored in a readily accessible location in the student's building. The school nurse and other designated school employees shall be informed where the medication and monitoring equipment is stored and the means to access them.

5. Delegation of Responsibility

The Superintendent or designee, in conjunction with the school nurse(s), shall develop administrative regulations for care and treatment of students with diabetes in the school setting.

The Superintendent or designee shall coordinate training for school employees. Such training may be included in the district's Professional Education Plan.

The Superintendent or designee shall annually distribute to all staff, students and parents/guardians this policy along with the Code of Student Conduct.

SHALER AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

No: 626.1

SECTION: OPERATIONS
TITLE: TRAVEL REIMBURSEMENT – FEDERAL PROGRAMS
ADOPTED:

		626.1. TRAVEL REIMBURSEMENT – FEDERAL PROGRAMS
1.	Authority SC 516.1, 517 2 CFR Sec. 200.474	The Board shall reimburse administrative, professional and support employees, and school officials, for travel costs incurred in the course of performing services related to official business as a federal grant recipient.
2.	Definition 2 CFR. Sec. 200.474	For purposes of this policy, travel costs shall mean the expenses for transportation, lodging, subsistence, and related items incurred by employees and school officials who are in travel status on official business as a federal grant recipient.
3.	Delegation of Responsibility Pol. 004, 331	School officials and district employees shall comply with applicable Board policies and administrative regulations established for reimbursement of travel and other expenses.
		The validity of payments for travel costs for all district employees and school officials shall be determined by the Director of Business Affairs.
		Travel costs shall be reimbursed on a mileage basis for travel using an employee's personal vehicle and on an actual cost basis for meals, lodging and other allowable expenses, consistent with those normally allowed in like circumstances in the district's nonfederally funded activities, and in accordance with the district's travel reimbursement policies and administrative regulations.
4.	Guidelines 2 CFR Sec. 200.474 Pol. 004, 331	Mileage reimbursements shall be at the rate approved by the Board for other district travel reimbursements. Actual costs for meals, lodging and other allowable expenses shall be reimbursed only to the extent they are reasonable and do not exceed the per diem limits established by the Board.
	SC 516.1, 517	All travel costs must be presented with an itemized, verified statement prior to reimbursement.
	2 CFR Sec. 200.474 Pol. 004, 331	In addition, if these costs are charged directly to the federal award, documentation must be maintained that justifies that:
	101.004,331	 Participation of the individual is necessary to the federal award. The costs are reasonable and consistent with the district's established policy.
		References:
		School Code – 24 P.S. Sec. 516.1, 517 Uniform Administrative Requirements for Federal Awards, Title 2, Code of Federal Regulations – 2 CFR Sec. 200.474 Board Policy – 004, 331
<u> </u>		Board Policy – 004, 331

SHALER AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

No: 246

SECTION: PUPILS

TITLE: STUDENT SCHOOL WELLNESS ADOPTED: JULY 19, 2006

REVISED: MARCH 19, 2008; AUGUST 20, 2014

246. STUDENT SCHOOL WELLNESS

1. Purpose

Shaler Area School District recognizes that student wellness and proper nutrition are related to students' physical well-being, growth, development, and readiness to learn. The Board is committed to providing a school environment that promotes student wellness, proper nutrition, nutrition education **and promotion**, and regular physical activity as part of the total learning experience. In a healthy school environment, students will learn about and participate in positive dietary and lifestyle practices that can improve student achievement

2. Authority SC 1422.1 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1758b

The Board adopts the Student Wellness Policy based on the recommendations of the appointed Wellness Committee and in accordance with federal and state laws and regulations.

To ensure the health and well-being of all students, the Board establishes that the district shall provide to students:

- 1. A comprehensive nutrition program consistent with federal
- 2. Access at reasonable cost to foods and beverages that meet established nutritional guidelines.
- 3. Physical education courses and opportunities for developmentally appropriate physical activity during the school day.
- 4. Curriculum and programs for grades K-12 that are designed to educate students about proper nutrition and lifelong physical activity, in accordance with State Board of Education curriculum regulations and academic standards.

Delegation of Responsibility U.S.C. Sec. 1758b

The Superintendent or designee shall be responsible to monitor each of the district's schools, programs and curriculum for the implementation and oversight of this policy to ensure each of the district's schools, programs and curriculum is compliant to ensure compliance with this policy, related policies and established guidelines or administrative regulations.

Each building principal or designee shall **annually** report to the Superintendent or designee regarding compliance in his/her school.

Staff members responsible for programs related to student wellness shall report to the Superintendent or designee regarding the status of such programs.

The Superintendent or designee shall annually report to the Board on the district's compliance with law and policies related to student school wellness. The report may include:

- 1. Assessment of school environment regarding student school wellness issues.
- 2. Evaluation of food services program.
- 3. Review of all foods and beverages sold in schools for compliance with established nutrition guidelines.
- 4. Listing of activities and programs conducted to promote nutrition and physical activity.
- 5. Recommendations for policy and/or program revisions.
- 6. Feedback received from district staff, students, parents/guardians, community members and the Wellness Committee.

42 U.S.C. Sec. 1758b The Superintendent or designee and the appointed established Wellness Committee shall periodically conduct an assessment at least once every three (3) years on the contents and implementation of this policy as part of a continuous improvement process to strengthen the policy and ensure implementation. The assessment This triennial assessment shall be made available to the public in an accessible and easily understood manner and include:

- 1. The extent to which each district school is in compliance with law and policies related to school wellness.
- 2. The extent to which this policy compares to model wellness policies.
- 3. A description of the progress made by the district in attaining the goals of this policy.

At least once every three (3) years, the district shall update or modify this policy as needed, based on the results of the most recent triennial assessment and/or as district and community needs and priorities change; wellness goals are net; new health science, information and technologies emerge; and new federal or state guidance or standards are issued.

The district shall **annually** inform and update the public, including parents/guardians, students, and others in the community, about the contents, **updates** and implementation of this policy **via the district website**, **student handbooks**, **newsletters**, **posted notices and/or other efficient communication methods**. This annual notification shall include information on how to access the School Wellness policy; information about the most recent triennial assessment; information on how to participate in the development, implementation and periodic review and update of the School Wellness policy; and a means of contacting Wellness Committee leadership.

4. Guidelines

Recordkeeping

The district shall retain records documenting compliance with the requirements of the School Wellness policy, which shall include:

- 1. The written School Wellness policy.
- 2. Documentation demonstrating that the district has informed the public, on an annual basis, about the contents of the School Wellness policy and any updates to the policy.
- 3. Documentation of efforts to review and update the School Wellness policy, including who is involved in the review and methods used by the district to inform the public of their ability to participate in the review.
- 4. Documentation demonstrating the most recent assessment on the implementation of the School Wellness policy and notification of the assessment results to the public.

Wellness Committee

The Board shall appoint a district shall establish a Wellness Committee comprised of, but not necessarily limited to, at least one (1) of each of the following: School Board member, district administrator, district food service representative, student, parent/guardian, school health professional, physical education teacher and member of the public. Other members of the Wellness Committee may include teacher, school nurse, school counselor, coach, support staff, food vendor. It shall be the goal that the committee membership will include representatives from each school building and reflect the diversity of the community.

SC 1513 Pol. 102, 105 The Wellness Committee shall serve as an advisory committee regarding student health issues and shall be responsible for developing, implementing and periodically reviewing and updating a Student School Wellness Policy that complies with law to recommend to the Board for adoption.

Nutrition Education

Nutrition education will be provided within the sequential, comprehensive health education program in accordance with curriculum regulations and the academic standards for Health, Safety and Physical Education, and Family and Consumer Sciences.

The goal of nutrition education is to teach, encourage and support healthy eating by students. Promoting student health and nutrition enhances readiness for learning and increases student achievement.

Nutrition education shall provide all students with the knowledge and skills needed to lead healthy lives.

Nutrition education lessons and activities shall be age-appropriate.

Nutrition curriculum shall be behavior focused. shall teach behavior-focused skills, which may include menu planning, reading nutrition labels and media awareness.

Lifelong lifestyle balance shall be reinforced by linking nutrition education and physical activity.

The staff responsible for providing nutrition education shall be properly trained and prepared and shall participate in appropriate professional development. Criteria shall be developed to measure "properly" and "appropriate." The district shall develop standards for such training and professional development.

Nutrition education shall extend beyond the school environment by engaging and involving families and the community.

Nutrition Promotion

Nutrition promotion and education positively influence lifelong eating behaviors by using evidence-based techniques and nutrition messages, and by creating food environments that encourage healthy nutrition choices and encourage participation in school meal programs.

District staff shall cooperate with agencies and community organizations to provide opportunities for appropriate student projects related to nutrition.

District schools shall **offer resources about health and nutrition to** encourage parents/guardians to provide healthy meals for their children.

Physical Activity

District schools shall strive to provide opportunities for developmentally appropriate physical activity during the school day for all students.

A physical and social environment that encourages safe and enjoyable activity for all students shall be maintained.

SC 1512.1 Pol. 102, 105 Students and the community shall have access to physical activity facilities outside school hours in accordance with established district rules.

Physical Education

A sequential physical education program consistent with curriculum regulations and Health, Safety and Physical Education academic standards shall be developed and implemented. All district students must participate in physical education.

Quality physical education instruction that promotes lifelong physical activity and provides instruction in the skills and knowledge necessary for lifelong participation shall be provided.

Physical education classes shall be the means through which all students learn, practice and are assessed on developmentally appropriate skills and knowledge necessary for lifelong, health-enhancing physical activity.

Students shall be moderately to vigorously active as much time as possible during a physical education class. Documented medical conditions and disabilities shall be accommodated during class.

Physical education shall be taught by certified health and physical education teachers.

Other School Based Activities

Drinking water shall be available and accessible to students, without restriction and at no cost to the student, at all meal periods and throughout the school day.

Nutrition professionals who meet hiring criteria established by the district and in compliance with federal regulations shall administer the school meals program.

Professional development and continuing education shall be provided for district nutrition staff, as required by federal regulations.

District schools shall provide adequate space, as defined by the district, for eating and serving school meals.

Students shall be provided a clean and safe meal environment.

Students shall be provided adequate time to eat: ten (10) minutes sit down time for breakfast; twenty (20) minutes sit down time for lunch.

Meal periods shall be scheduled at appropriate hours, as defined by the district.

Students shall have access to hand washing or sanitizing before meals and snacks.

Nutrition professionals who meet criteria established by the district shall administer the school meals program.

The district shall provide appropriate training to all staff on the components of the Student Wellness Policy.

42 U.S.C. Sec. 1751 et seq. 1773 Goals of the Student School Wellness Policy shall be considered in planning all school based activities

7 CFR Sec. 210, 11, 220,12a

Nutrition Standards/Guidelines for All Foods/Beverages at School

All foods **and beverages** available in district schools during the school day shall be offered to students with consideration for promoting student health and reducing obesity.

Foods **and beverages** provided through the National School Lunch or School Breakfast Programs shall comply with established federal nutrition standards.

7 CFR Sec. 210.11

SC 504.1

Foods and beverages offered or sold at school-sponsored events outside the school day, such as athletic events and dances, shall offer healthy alternatives in addition to more traditional fare.

Competitive Foods

Pol. 209.1

Competitive foods available for sale shall meet or exceed the established federal nutrition standards (USDA Smart Snacks in School). These standards shall apply in all locations and through all services where foods and beverages are sold to students, which may include, but not limited to: a la carte options in cafeterias, vending machines, school stores, snack carts and fundraisers.

Competitive foods are defined as foods and beverages offered or sold to students on school campus during the school day, which are not part of the reimbursable school breakfast or lunch.

For purposes of this policy, school campus means any area of property under the jurisdiction of the school that students may access during the school day.

For purposes of this policy, school day means the period from midnight before school begins until thirty (30) minutes after the end of the official school day.

The Superintendent or designee may implement administrative policies concerning competitive foods and beverages, which may limit items sold and/or restrict times permitted for sales.

Fundraiser Exemptions

Fundraising activities held during the school day involving the sale of competitive foods shall be limited to foods that meet the Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards, unless an exemption is approved in accordance with applicable Board policy and administrative regulations.

The district may allow a limited number of exempt fundraisers as permitted by the Pennsylvania Department of Education each school year: up to five (5) exempt fundraisers in elementary and middle school buildings, and up to ten (10) exempt fundraisers in high school buildings. Exempt fundraisers are fundraisers in which competitive foods are available for sale to students that do not meet the Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards.

The district shall establish administrative regulations to implement fundraising activities in district schools, including procedures for requesting a fundraiser exemption. Exemptions may only be approved by the Superintendent or designee.

Non-Sold Competitive Foods

Non-sold competitive foods available to students, which may include but are not limited to foods and beverages offered as rewards and incentives, at classroom parties and celebrations, or as shared classroom snacks, shall meet or exceed the standards established by the district.

If the offered competitive foods do not meet or exceed the Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards, the following standards shall apply:

1. Rewards and incentives:

a. Foods and beverages shall not be used as a reward for classroom or school activities unless the reward is an activity that promotes a positive nutrition message (e.g., guest chef, field trip to a farm or farmers market, etc.).

2. Classroom Parties and Celebrations:

- a. Parents/Guardians shall be informed through newsletters or other efficient communication methods that foods/beverages should only be brought in when requested for scheduled parties.
- b. When possible, foods/beverages for parties and celebrations shall be provided by the food service department to help prevent food safety and allergy concerns.
- c. Food celebrations shall not occur until thirty (30) minutes after the end of the last lunch period.

The district shall provide a list of suggested nonfood ideas and healthy food and beverage alternatives to parents/guardians and staff, which may be posted via the district website, student handbooks, newsletters, posted notices and/or other efficient communication methods.

Marketing/Contracting

Any foods and beverages marketed or promoted to students on the school campus during the school day shall meet or exceed the established federal nutrition standards (USDA Smart Snacks in School) and comply with established Board policy and administrative regulations.

Exclusive competitive food and/or beverage contracts shall be approved by the Board, in accordance with provisions of law. Existing contracts shall be reviewed and modified to the extent feasible to ensure compliance with established federal nutrition standards, including applicable marketing restrictions.

Management of Food Allergies in District Schools

The district shall establish Board policy and administrative regulations to address food allergy management in district schools in order to:

1. Reduce and/or eliminate the likelihood of severe or potentially life threatening allergic reactions.

- 2. Ensure a rapid and effective response in case of a severe or potentially life threatening allergic reaction.
- 3. Protect the rights of students by providing them, through necessary accommodations when required, the opportunity to participate fully in all school programs and activities.

Safe Routes to School

The district shall assess and, to the extent possible, implement improvements to make walking and biking to school safer and easier for students.

The district shall cooperate with local municipalities, public safety agency, police departments and community organizations to develop and maintain safe routes to school.

District administrators shall seek and utilize available federal and state funding for safe routes to school, when appropriate.

References:

School Code – 24 P.S. Sec. 504.1, 1337.1, 1422, 1422.1, 1422.3, 1512.1, 1513

National School Lunch Program – 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1751 et seq.

School Breakfast Program – 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1773

Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010 – P.L. 111-296

National Food Service Programs, Title 7, Code of Federal Regulations – 7 CFR Part 210, Part 220

Board Policy – 000, 102, 103, 103.1, 105, 209.1, 808

SHALER AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

No: 609

SECTION: FINANCES
TITLE: INVESTMENT OF DISTRICT FUNDS
ADOPTED: JUNE 18, 1998

REVISED: JULY 19, 2006; DECEMBER 9, 2009; JUNE 16, 2010

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609	INVEST	льмі () і	F DISTRICT	FUNDS

1. Purpose

It shall be the policy of the Board to optimize its return on funds available for investment through investment of cash balances in such a way as to minimize non-invested balances and to maximize return on investments consistent with the following principles:

Legality - All investments shall be made in accordance with applicable laws of Pennsylvania.

Safety – Preservation of principal shall be of highest priority. Preservation of principal in the portfolio of investments shall be ensured by diversification and other means of minimizing credit risk, including avoidance of concentration of credit risk, market risk and interest rate risk, and by thoroughly investigating and reviewing the performance of all investment providers and professionals.

Liquidity - Investments shall remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements that are reasonably anticipated. A fiscal year operations anticipated cash flow shall be developed so that investments can be made as early as possible, with maturities consistent with anticipated cash demands.

Yield - Investments shall be made with the objective of attaining a market-average rate of return throughout the budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account investment risk constraints and liquidity needs.

2. Authority SC 440.1, 621, 622, 623 53 P.S. Sec. 5406,5410.1 The Investment Officer designated by the Board shall implement the school district's investment program in accordance with this policy, applicable laws and the annual investment plan approved by the Board.

3. Definitions SC 440.1 53 P.S. Sec. 5406,5410.1 Act 10 Permissible Investments – Any type of investment permitted under Act 10 of March 25, 2016, (53 P.S. Sec. 5406, 5410.1) that is not among the types of investments permitted under Section 440.1 of the Public School Code of 1949, Act of March 10, 1949, (P.L. 30, No. 14) as last amended by the Act of June 30, 1995, (P.L. 220, No. 26).

SC 440.1

School Code Permissible Investments – Any investment permitted under Section 440.1 of the Public School Code of 1949, Act of March 10, 1949, (P.L. 30, No. 14) as last amended by the Act of June 30, 1995, (P.L. 220, No. 26).

Short-term - Any period thirteen (13) months or less.

Long-term - Any period exceeding forty-eight (48) months' duration.

Mid-range - Any period between short-term and long-term.

Bankers' acceptances – Bankers' acceptances generally are created based on a letter of credit issued in a foreign trade transaction. Bankers' acceptances are short-term, non-interest-bearing notes sold at a discount and redeemed by the accepting banks at maturity for face value.

Collateral – Security pledged by a financial institution to a governmental entity for its deposit.

Commercial paper – An unsecured promissory note issued primarily by corporations for a specific amount and maturing on a specific day. The maximum maturity for commercial paper is 270 days, but most is sold with maturities of up to thirty (30) days. Almost all commercial paper is rated as to credit risk by rating services.

Concentration of credit risk – The risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer, pool, institution, or instrument.

Counterparty – Another party to a transaction. In the case of deposits and investments made by governmental entities, a counterparty could be the issuer of a security, a financial institution holding a deposit, a broker-dealer selling securities, or a third party holding securities or collateral.

Credit risk – The risk that a counterparty to an investment transaction will not fulfill its obligations. Overall credit risk can be associated with the issuer of a security, with a financial institution holding deposits, or with a party holding securities or collateral. Credit risk exposure can be affected by a concentration of deposits or investments in any one (1) investment type or with any one (1) counterparty.

Custodial credit risk – The custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Foreign currency risk – The risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. Investments depending on substantial overseas activities or markets may present related foreign currency risk.

Interest rate risk - The risk that the market value of securities will fall due to changes in general interest rates.changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Issuer – The entity that has the authority to distribute a security or other investment. A bond issuer is the entity that is legally obligated to make principal and interest

payments to bond holders. In the case of mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments, issuer refers to the entity invested in, not the investment company-manager or pool sponsor.

Investment plan – The school district's specifically enumerated investment strategy approved annually by the Board.

SC 521 53 Pa. C.S.A. Sec. 2301 et seq Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) – An investment trust or pool organized by groups of political subdivisions or municipal authorities pursuant to Section 521 of the Public School Code of 1949, or pursuant to the Intergovernmental Cooperation Law, 53 Pa. C.S.A. Sec. 2301 et seq., for the purpose of investing funds of such political subdivisions or municipal authorities for their exclusive benefit and in accordance with the laws governing their permissible investments. LGIPs include, but are not limited to, the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund (PSDLAF), the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT), and for purposes of this policy, the PA INVEST program operated by the Pennsylvania Treasury Department.

Market risk – The risk that the market value of an investment, collateral protecting a deposit, or securities underlying a repurchase agreement will decline. Market risk is affected by the length to maturity of a security, the need to liquidate a security before maturity, the extent that collateral exceeds the amount invested, and the frequency at which the amount of collateral is adjusted for changing market values.

Repurchase agreement -

- a. An agreement in which a governmental entity (buyer-lender) transfers cash to a broker-dealer or financial institution (seller-borrower); the broker-dealer or financial institution transfers securities to the entity and promises to repay the cash plus interest in exchange for the same securities.
- b. A generic term for an agreement in which a governmental entity (buyer-lender) transfers cash to a broker-dealer or financial institution (seller-borrower); the broker-dealer or financial institution transfers securities to the entity and promises to repay the cash plus interest in exchange for the same securities (as in definition (a) above) or for different securities.

SC 440.1 15 U.S.C. Sec. 77a et seq. 80a-1 et seq. Shares of an investment company – For purposes of School Code Permissible Investments, shares of an investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (54 Stat. 789, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 80a-1 et seq.), and whose shares are registered under the Securities Act of 1933 (48 Stat. 74, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 77a et seq.) and which satisfies the further conditions set forth in Section 440.1 of the School Code, subsection (b), clause (v).

Weighted average maturity – A weighted average maturity measure expresses investment time horizons—the time when investments become due and payable—in years or months, weighted to reflect the dollar size of individual investments within an investment type.

4. Delegation of

The Board shall designates the Business Manager as an the Investment Officer who

Responsibility SC 440.1

will work in concert with the District's investment advisors and banking institutions. The School District's investment program will be implemented shall implement the school district's investment program in accordance with this policy, related procedures, applicable laws and the annual investment plan approved by the board.

The Investment Officer shall prepare, for approval of the Board, an annual investment plan for all general and segregated/designated funds of the district (i.e., general, capital reserve, bond, etc.), including bond proceeds, taking into account the anticipated liquidity needs of each fund.

SC 511 Pol. 618 The plan may provide for moneys from more than one (1) fund under school district control for the purchase of any single investment, provided that each of the funds combined for the purpose shall be accounted for separately in all respects and that the earnings from the investment are separately and individually computed and recorded, and credited to the accounts from which the investment was purchased.

The plan shall not encompass the investment of any student activity or class-related funds separately managed pursuant to School Code Section 511.

The annual investment plan shall be submitted to the Board for review and approval no later than sixty (60) days after adoption of the annual budget.

The Investment Officer shall report quarterly to the Board on the following:

- 1. Amount of funds invested.
- 2. Interest earned and received to date.
- 3. Types and amounts of each investment and the interest rate on each.
- 4. Names of the institutions where investments are placed.
- 5. The means by which any deposits exceeding insurance limits are collaterized.

SC 624 Pol. 608

This report may, but is not required to, include the information regarding depository balances, earnings and transactions required by the School Code to be reported to the Board monthly as set forth in Policy 608.

The Board directs the Superintendent and Investment Officer to develop, for approval by the Board as an appendix to this policy, specific due diligence and risk mitigation measures for:

- 1. Evaluating and mitigating the risks associated with each investment;
- 2. Investigating, selecting and evaluating the performance of investment advisors and investment professionals;
- 3. Specifying standards for audits of investment transactions; and
- 4. Determining the qualifications, training, standards and disclosures required for district employees performing functions relating to the district's investment program.

5. Guidelines SC 440.1

Investments permitted by this policy are those defined in law and enumerated in this policy that are appropriately collateralized in accordance with this policy and applicable laws.

School Code Permissible Investments

- 1. United States Treasury bills.
- 2. Short-term obligations of the United States Government or its agencies or instrumentalities.
- 3. Deposits in savings accounts or time deposits or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation (FSLIC) or the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund (NCUSIF) to the extent that such accounts are so insured, and, for any amounts above the insured maximum, provided that approved collateral as provided by law therefore shall be pledged by the depository.
- 4. Obligations of the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth, or of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision.

17 CFR

- 5. Shares of an investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (54 Stat. 789, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 80a-1 et seq.), whose shares are registered under the Securities Act of 1933 (48 Stat. 74, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 77a et seq.). Provided, that the following are met:
 - a. The only investments of that company are in the authorized investments for school district funds listed in items 1 through 4 above and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such investments.
 - b. The investment company is managed so as to maintain its shares at a constant net asset value in accordance with 17 CFR Sec. 270 2a-7 (relating to money market funds).
 - c. The investment company is rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.
- 6. Local Government Investment Pools (LGIPs) as defined in this policy.
- 7. Repurchase agreements with respect to U.S. Treasury bills or obligations, participations or other instruments of or guaranteed by the U.S. or any federal agency, instrumentality or U.S. government-sponsored enterprise.

Act 10 Permissible Investments

- 1. Obligations, participations or other instruments of any federal agency, instrumentality or U.S. government-sponsored enterprise if the debt obligations are rated at least "A" or its equivalent by at least two (2) nationally recognized statistical ratings organizations.
- 2. Commercial paper issued by corporations or other business entities organized in accordance with federal or state law, with a maturity not to exceed 270 days, if the issuing corporation or business entity is rated in the top short-term category by at least two (2) nationally recognized statistical ratings organizations.
- 3. Bills of exchange or time drafts drawn on and accepted by a commercial bank, otherwise known as bankers' acceptances, if the bankers' acceptances do not exceed 180 days maturity and the accepting bank is rated in the top short-term category by at least two (2) nationally recognized statistical ratings organizations.
- 4. Negotiable certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit, with a remaining maturity of three (3) years or less, issued by a nationally or state-chartered bank, a federal or state savings and loan association or a state-licensed branch of a foreign bank.
 - a. For obligations with a maturity of one (1) year or less, the debt obligations of the issuing institution or its parent must be rated in the top short-term rating category by at least two (2) nationally recognized statistical ratings organizations.
 - b. For obligations with a maturity in excess of one (1) year, the senior debt obligations of the issuing institution or its parent must be rated at least "A" or its equivalent by at least two (2) nationally recognized statistical ratings organizations.
- 4. Shares of an investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (54 Stat. 789, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 80a-1et seq.) whose shares are registered under the Securities Act of 1933 (48 Stat. 74, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 77a et seq.), if all of the following conditions are met:
 - a. The investments of the company are the authorized investments under 53 P.S. §5410.1, subsection (a) (Act 10, Section 1.1(a)).
 - b. The investment company is managed in accordance with 17 CFR Sec. 270.2a-7 (relating to money market funds).
 - c. The investment company is rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized rating agency.

Management of Investments and Collateral

SC 440.1 All securities or other investments in which the school district invests or that collateralize school district investments shall be managed as provided in this policy

and in the school district's investment plan annually approved by the Board.

The plan shall require that securities purchased as investments be purchased in the name of the school district and held in custody for the benefit of the school district as provided in the investment plan and authorized custodian agreements. The plan may make exceptions to such requirements for investments in LGIPs as defined in this policy, or for the purchase of shares of an investment company as defined in this policy.

If, after purchase, the rating of any instrument is reduced and no longer in compliance with Board policy, the individual responsible for district investments shall advise the Board at the earliest opportunity of such action and make recommendations for altering the investments.

The foregoing rating change related requirement(s) do(es) not apply to investments in LGIPs as defined in this policy.

For purposes of interest rate disclosure in the annual financial report, the method of determining interest rate risk shall be based on weighted average maturity.

Foreign Currency and Related Risk

District funds shall not be invested in foreign currency. To the extent other permissible investments are exposed to related foreign currency risk, they shall be disclosed as required by GASB Statement 40.

Bond Proceeds

53 Pa. C.S.A. Sec. 8001 et seq

Investment of bond proceeds shall be managed and reported to the Board in accordance with the Local Government Unit Debt Act, this policy, and applicable federal and state laws.

<u>Protection of Savings Accounts, Time Deposits, Share Accounts or Other</u> Depository Balances in Excess of FDIC Insurance Limits

SC 440.1 72 P.S. Sec.3836-1 et seq When district cash is deposited in any savings account, time deposit, share account or other authorized depository account other than a Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), if the cash balance exceeds FDIC insurance limits, district funds shall be collateralized in one or more of the following ways:

- 1. An Irrevocable Letter of Credit (LOC) issued by a Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB).
- 2. Tri-Party Collateral in the name of the school district consisting of the following underlying securities only:
 - a. U.S. Treasury Securities.
 - b. Obligations, participations or other instruments of any federal agency, instrumentality or U.S. government-sponsored enterprise if the debt obligations are rated at least "A" or its equivalent by at least two (2)

nationally recognized statistical ratings organizations.

72 P.S. Sec.3836-1 et seq

3. Assets pledged as collateral in accordance with the act of August 6, 1971, (P.L. 281, No.72), 72 P.S. Sec. 3836-1 et seq. (relating to pledges of assets to secure deposits of public funds, whether or not pooled).

It shall be the responsibility of the Investment Officer to verify with the depository the value of the collateral instrument(s) based on the instrument being "marked to market." This valuation shall occur at least annually.

Following a review of valuation, the Investment Officer may request an additional review by the district's investment advisors or financial consultant, and shall require additional collateral if the existing collateral has declined in value and exposes the district to potential loss of principal. The status of the valuation review and any additional collateral shall be included in an annual report to the Board regarding the investment program.

Reporting Requirement for Local Government Investment Pools (LGIPs)

Local Government Investment Pools (LGIPs) pool the resources of participating government entities and invest in various securities as permitted under state law, so that participating governments can benefit from economies of scale, professional fund management and other advantages.

Recognizing that LGIPs invest directly in permissible securities on behalf of the participating government entities, which in turn have proportional ownership rights in those securities, district investments in a LGIP shall not be subject to the collateral requirements of this policy, provided that the LGIP:

- 1. Makes available to participants daily and monthly statements, and other information from which the status of the investments can be verified; and
- 2. Provides an audited annual financial report to each participating government entity.

Further Risk Mitigation for Act 10 Permissible Investments

Recognizing that Act 10 of 2016 expanded the range of permissible investments to include investments with the potential to expose the school district to elevated levels of credit risk and other investment risks, the Board directs that any investment plan or investment recommendations proposed by the Investment Officer take into account, implement and highlight the following factors and precautions with respect to Act 10 Permissible Investments:

- 1. It cannot be assumed that negotiable certificates of deposit are collateralized.
- 2.1. A significantly more thorough level of due diligence is required.
- 3. Any investment in the fourth category of Act 10 Permissible Investments

listed above (negotiable certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit) must have a maturity not exceeding one (1) year in duration.

[Legal Note Regarding Negotiable Certificates of Deposit or Other Evidences of Deposit: At least one school attorney knowledgeable in financial matters has raised the questions of whether these investments now permitted by Act 10 constitute a type of deposit subject to the collateral requirement of Section 440.1 of the School Code applicable to other CDs, and whether the Section 440.1 collateral requirement extends to the negotiable CDs or other evidences of deposit permitted by Act 10. Because negotiable certificates of deposit or such other evidences generally are not collateralized, that in turn raises the question of whether school districts can lawfully invest in negotiable certificates of deposit notwithstanding Act 10. Consultation with the district solicitor is strongly recommended prior to including such investments in the district's investment plan or portfolio.]

- 4.2. In addition to verification of rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization and other due diligence requirements, the investigation of Act 10 Permissible Investments shall include ensuring that there is an independent credit review (a qualified financial services organization with an active and recognized credit analysis team is also monitoring the issuer, in addition to the nationally recognized statistical rating organization(s)).
- 5.3. Act 10 Permissible Investments shall be limited to no more than ten percent (10%) of district funds for investment, excluding bond proceeds and refunding escrow balances.

Audit

The Board directs that all investment records be subject to annual audit by the district's independent auditors.

Pol. 619

The audit shall include but not be limited to independent verification of amounts and records of all transactions, as deemed necessary by the independent auditors.

Conflict of Interest Avoidance and Disclosure

65 Pa. C.S.A. Sec. 1101 et seq The Investment Officer and any other district employee performing functions related to the investment program shall disclose in writing to the Board any material conflict of interest or material potential conflict of interest which exists because of personal relationships or personal business activity between the Investment Officer or other employees and any depository institution, broker, dealer, investment advisor, or other investment provider or professional serving the district. The Investment Officer or other employees shall refrain from any personal business activity that could impair ability to make impartial decisions in managing the annual investment plan.

All depository institutions, repurchase agreement providers, brokers, and investment advisors and managers shall disclose in writing to the district: (1) any fees or other compensation paid to or received from a third party with respect to any district investment; and (2) any ownership of or by a parent corporation which owns any

other depository institution, broker, dealer, investment advisor, or other investment provider or professional which does business with the district.

All investment advisors shall verify in writing that they have received and reviewed a copy of this Board policy and agree to comply with this policy and all applicable laws related to school district investments.

References:

School Code – 24 P.S. Sec. 218, 440.1, 511, 521, 621, 622, 623, 624

Intergovernmental Cooperation Law – 53 Pa. C.S.A. Sec. 2301 et seq

Local Government Unit Debt Act – 53 Pa. C.S.A. Sec. 8001 et seq

Public Officials and Employee Ethics Act – 65 Pa. C.S.A. Sec. 1101 et seq

Security of Public Deposits – 72 P.S. Sec. 3836-1 et seq (Act 72 of 1971)

Act 10 of 2016 – Investment of Public Corporation or Authority Funds – Act of Mar. 25, 2016, P.L. 72, No. 10, 53 P.S. Sec. 5406, 5410.1

Securities and Trust Indentures – 15 U.S.C. Sec. 77a et seq

Investment Companies – 15 U.S.C. Sec. 80a-1 et seq

Investment Companies, Title 17, Code of Federal Regulations – 17 CFR Part 270

Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement No. 3, as amended by Statement 40

Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement 40

Board Policy – 608, 618, 619

SHALER AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

No: 626

SECTION: FINANCES
TITLE: FEDERAL FISCAL COMPLIANCE
ADOPTED: MARCH 19, 2008
REVISED:

		626. FEDERAL FISCAL COMPLIANCE
1.	Authority 2 CFR Part 200	The Board shall ensure federal funds received by the district are administered in accordance with federal requirements, including but not limited to the federal Uniform Grant Guidance.
		The Board shall review and approve all applications for federal funds submitted by the district.
2.	Delegation of Responsibility	The Board designates the Business Manager as the district contact for all federal programs and funding.
	2 CFR Part 200	The Superintendent or designee, in collaboration with the Federal Programs Coordinator and Business Manager, shall establish and maintain a sound financial management system to include internal controls and federal grant management standards covering the receipt of both direct and stateadministered federal grants, and to track costs and expenditures of funds associated with grant awards.
		The Superintendent, to assist in the proper administration of federal funds and implementation of this policy, may approve additional procedures as attachments to this policy.
3.	Guidelines	The district's financial management system shall be designed with strong internal controls, a high level of transparency and accountability, and documented procedures to ensure that all financial management system requirements are met.
		Financial management standards and procedures shall assure that the following responsibilities are fulfilled:
		1. Identification – the district must identify, in its accounts, all federal awards received and expended, and the federal programs under which they were received.
		2. Financial Reporting – Accurate, current, and complete disclosure of the financial results of each federal award or program must be made in accordance with the financial reporting requirements of the Education Department General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR).

3. Accounting Records – the district must maintain records which adequately identify the source and application of funds provided for federally-assisted activities. 4. Internal Controls – Effective control and accountability must be maintained for all funds, real and personal property and other assets. The district must adequately safeguard all such property and must assure that it is used solely for authorized purposes. 5. Budget Control – Actual expenditures or outlays must be compared with budgeted amounts for each federal award. Procedures shall be developed to establish determination for allowability of costs for federal funds. 6. Cash Management – The district shall maintain written procedures to implement the cash management requirements found in EDGAR. 7. Allowability of Costs – The district shall ensure that allowability of all costs charged to each federal award is accurately determined and documented. Pol. 827 Standards of Conduct The district shall maintain standards of conduct covering conflicts of interest and the actions of employees and school officials engaged in the selection, award and administration of contracts. Pol. 317 All employees shall be informed of conduct that is required for federal fiscal compliance and the disciplinary actions that may be applied for violation of Board policies, administrative regulations, rules and procedures. Employees - Time and Effort Reporting 2 CFR All district employees paid with federal funds shall document the time they Sec. 200.430 expend in work performed in support of each federal program, in accordance with law. Time and effort reporting requirements do not apply to contracted individuals. Pol 626 1 District employees shall be reimbursed for travel costs incurred in the course of performing services related to official business as a federal grant recipient. Pol. 304, 319, The district shall establish and maintain employee policies on hiring, benefits 336, 337 and leave and outside activities, as approved by the Board. 624, 813 Record Keeping 2 CFR The district shall develop and maintain a Records Management Plan and related Sec. 200.333-Board policy and administrative regulations for the retention, retrieval and 200.337 disposition of manual and electronic records, including emails. Pol. 800

34 CFR Sec. 75.730- 75.732,	The district shall ensure the proper maintenance of federal fiscal records documenting:
76.730-	1. Amount of federal funds.
76.731 Pol. 800	2. How funds are used.
	3. Total cost of each project.
	4. Share of total cost of each project provided from other sources.
	5. Other records to facilitate an effective audit.
	6. Other records to show compliance with federal program requirements.
	7. Significant project experiences and results.
	All records must be retrievable and available for programmatic or financial audit.
2 CFR Sec. 200.336	The district shall provide the federal awarding agency, Inspectors General, the Comptroller General of the United States, and the pass-through entity, or any of their authorized representatives, the right of access to any documents, papers, or other district records which are pertinent to the federal award. The district shall also permit timely and reasonable access to the district's personnel for the purpose of interview and discussion related to such documents.
2 CFR Sec. 200.333	Records shall be retained for a minimum of five (5) years from the date on which the final Financial Status Report is submitted, or as otherwise specified in the requirements of the federal award, unless a written extension is provided by the awarding agency, cognizant agency for audit, oversight agency for audit or cognizant agency for indirect costs.
2 CFR Sec. 200.333	If any litigation, claim or audit is started before the expiration of the standard record retention period, the records shall be retained until all litigation, claims or audits have been resolved and final action taken.
Pol. 800	As part of the Records Management Plan, the district shall develop and maintain a records retention schedule, which shall delineate the record retention format, retention period and method of disposal.
Pol. 800	The Records Management Plan shall include identification of staff authorized to access records, appropriate training, and preservation measures to protect the integrity of records and data.
Pol. 113.4, 216, 324	The district shall ensure that all personally identifiable data protected by law or regulations is handled in accordance with the requirements of applicable law,

regulations, Board policy and administrative regulations.

Subrecipient Monitoring

2 CFR Sec. 200.330-

200.331

In the event that the district awards subgrants, the district shall establish procedures to:

1. Assess the risk of noncompliance.

2. Monitor grant subrecipients to ensure compliance with federal, state, and local laws and Board policy and procedures.

Pol. 800

3. Ensure the district's record retention schedule addresses document retention on assessment and monitoring.

Compliance Violations

2 CFR Sec. 200.338, 200.339 Employees and contractors involved in federally funded programs and subrecipients shall be made aware that failure to comply with federal law, regulations or terms and conditions of a federal award may result in the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity imposing additional conditions or terminating the award in whole or in part.

References:

Uniform Administrative Requirements for Federal Awards, Title 2, Code of Federal Regulations – 2 CFR Part 200

Department of Education Direct Grant and State-Administered Programs, Title 34, Code of Federal Regulations – 34 CFR Part 75, Part 76

Board Policy – 113.4, 216, 304, 317, 319, 324, 336, 337, 331, 610, 611, 612, 613, 624, 625, 626.1, 800, 813, 827

SHALER AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

No: 808

SECTION: OPERATIONS TITLE: FOOD SERVICES ADOPTED: AUGUST 19, 1998

REVISED: APRIL 16, 2003; DECEMBER 10, 2008; MAY 12, 2010

		808. FOOD SERVICES
1.	Purpose	The Board recognizes that students require adequate, nourishing food and beverages in order to grow, learn and maintain good health. The Board directs that students shall be provided with adequate space and time to eat meals during the school day.
2.	Authority SC 504, 807.1, 1335, 1337 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1751 et seq, 1773 2 CFR Part 200 7 CFR Parts 210, 215, 220	The food service program shall be operated in compliance with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations, as well as federal guidelines established by the Child Nutrition Division of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA).
	FNS Instruction 113-1	The district shall ensure that, in the operation of the food service program, no student, staff member, or other individual shall be discriminated against on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, sex, or disability.
	SC 504 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1760	Food sold by the school may be purchased by students and district employees but only for consumption on school premises or at school-sponsored events. The price charged to students shall be established annually by the district in compliance with state and federal laws.
	42 U.S.C. Sec. 1760	Nonprogram food shall be priced to generate sufficient revenues to cover the cost of such items. A nonprogram food shall be defined as a food or beverage, other than a reimbursable meal or snack, that is sold at the school and is purchased using funds from the child nutrition account. Nonprogram foods include but are not limited to adult meals and a-la-carte items. All revenue from the sale of nonprogram food shall accrue to the child nutrition program account.
3.	Delegation of Responsibility	Operation and supervision of the food service program shall be the responsibility of the Director of Business Affairs.
	SC 504	The individual, in conjunction with the food service provider responsible for the operation and supervision of the food service program, shall present to the Board each month for its approval a statement of receipts and expenditures for cafeteria funds.

SC 504, 1337 SC 504, 1335, 1337 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1751 et seq. 1773 7 CFR Parts 210, 215, 220 3 Pa. C.S.A. Sec. 5713 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1758(h) 7 CFR Sec. 210.13,

Cafeterias shall be operated on a nonprofit basis. A periodic review of the cafeteria accounts shall be made by the Director of Business Affairs.

The contracted food service provider responsible for the operation and supervision of the food service program shall ensure that school meals meet the standards required by the School Breakfast Program, the National School Lunch Program and the Special Milk Program.

210.30

The Superintendent or designee shall comply with state and federal requirements for conducting cafeteria health and safety inspections and ensuring employee participation in appropriate inspection services and training programs.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop and disseminate administrative regulations to implement this policy.

FNS Instruction 113-1

The Superintendent or designee shall post this policy on the District website for students, parents/guardians, and employees concerning the contents of this policy and applicable administrative regulations.

4 Guidelines Pol. 246

To reinforce the district's commitment to nutrition and student wellness, foods served in school cafeterias shall:

- 1. Be carefully selected to contribute to students' nutritional well-being and health.
- 2. Meet the nutrition standards specified in law and regulations and approved by the Board.
- 3. Be prepared by methods that will retain nutritive quality, appeal to students, and foster lifelong healthy eating habits.
- 4. Be served in age-appropriate quantities, at reasonable prices.

SC 504

All funds derived from the operation, maintenance or sponsorship of the food service program shall be deposited in the separate cafeteria fund, in the same manner as other district funds. Such funds shall be expended in the manner approved and directed by the Board. District advances to the food service program may be returned to the district's general fund from any surplus resulting from its operation.

Procurement

Pol. 610, 626

Procurement of goods or services for the food service program shall meet the requirements of applicable law, regulations and Board policy and procedures.

	Free/Reduced-Price Meals And Free Milk
42 U.S.C. Sec. 1758 7 CFR Part 245	The district shall provide free and reduced-price meals and/or free milk to students in accordance with the terms and conditions of the National School Lunch Program, the School Breakfast Program, and the Special Milk Program.
	Accommodating Students With Special Dietary Needs
7 CFR Sec. 15b.40 Pol. 103.1, 113, 209.1	The district shall make appropriate food service and/or meal accommodations to students with special dietary needs in accordance with applicable law, regulations and Board policy.
209.1	School Food Safety Inspections
42 U.S.C. Sec. 1758(h) 7 CFR	The district shall obtain two (2) safety inspections per year in accordance with local , state, and federal laws and regulations.
Sec. 210.13, 220.7	The district shall post the most recent inspection report and release a copy of the report to members of the public, upon request.
	School Food Safety Program
42 U.S.C. Sec. 1758(h) 7 CFR Part 210, Part 220	The district shall comply with federal requirements in developing a food safety program that enables district schools to take systematic action to prevent or minimize the risk of foodborne illness among students.
7 CFR Sec. 210.9, 210.13, 220.7	The district shall maintain proper sanitation and health standards in food storage, preparation and service, in accordance with applicable state and local laws and regulations and federal food safety requirements.
	Professional Standards For Food Service Personnel
42 U.S.C. Sec. 1751 et seq, 1773 7 CFR Sec. 210.30	The district shall comply with the professional standards for school food service personnel who manage and operate the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs. For purposes of this policy, professional standards include hiring standards for new food service program directors and annual continuing education/training for all individuals involved in the operation and administration of school meal programs. Such professional standards shall apply to both district-operated food service programs and contracted food service programs.
	School Meal Charges and Accounts
	To ensure the effective operation of the district's food service program, the district establishes the following guidelines for payment of student school

meals:

- 1. The district shall assign individual accounts to each student for the purchase of meals served in school cafeterias, which ensure that the identity of each student is protected.
- 2. The district shall notify students and/or parents/guardians when the student's account reaches a low balance.
- 3. The district shall notify students and/or parents/guardians when the student's account reaches a negative balance. The notice shall include a description of the consequences for failure to make payment.
- 4. The district shall provide students and/or parents/guardians with information on payment options and free and reduced-price meals and/or free milk.
- 5. The district may permit students to charge a meal, impose a limit on charged meals, and/or offer a reimbursable or alternate meal when the student forgets or loses his/her money or when his/her account has insufficient funds. Appropriate modifications to an alternate meal shall be made when required by the student's documented special dietary need.

This policy and any applicable procedures or administrative regulations regarding meal charges shall be communicated annually to school administrators, school food service personnel, other appropriate school staff, and contracted food service personnel.

The district shall provide parents/guardians with a written copy of this policy and any applicable procedures or administrative regulations at the start of each school year, when a student enrolls in school after the start of the school year, and when a parent/guardian is notified of a negative balance.

Collection of Unpaid Meal Charges

Reasonable efforts shall be made by the district to collect unpaid meal charges from parents/guardians. Efforts taken in the collection shall not have a negative impact on the student involved, but shall focus primarily on the parents/guardians responsible for providing funds for meal purchases.

References:

School Code – 24 P.S. Sec. 504, **807.1**, 1335, 1337

Food Protection – 3 Pa. C.S.A. Sec. 5713

National School Lunch Program – 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1751 et seq.

School Breakfast Program – 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1773

Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010 – P.L. 111-296

Uniform Administrative Requirements for Federal Awards, Title 2, Code of Federal Regulations – 2 CFR Part 200

Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Handicap in Programs or Activities Receiving Federal Financial Assistance, Title 7, Code of Federal Regulations – 7 CFR Part 15

National Food Service Programs, Title 7, Code of Federal Regulations – 7 CFR Part 210, Part 215, Part 220, Part 245

U.S. Department of Agriculture Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) Instruction 113-1

Board Policy – 000, 103, 103.1, 113, 209.1, 246, **610, 626**